

# Field Artillery Officer Basic Course

# MLRS INTRODUCTION

#### **Branch Information**

Senior Officer Instructor: SFC York

**NCOIC Officer Instruction: SFC Joyner** 

**SFC Hensch** 

Mr. David Allen

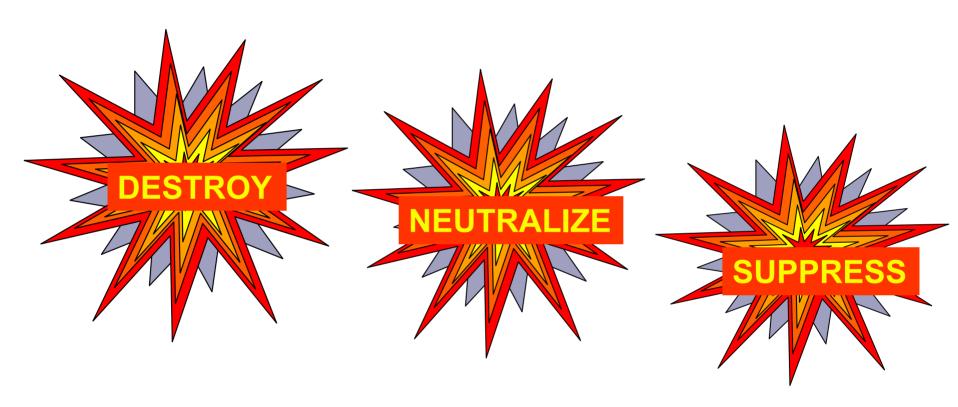
Mr. Charles Moore

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# The Mission of the Field Artillery is to ...



the enemy by cannon, ROCKET and MISSILE fire and to help integrate all fire support assets into combined arms operations.

# MLRS Introduction "Steel Rain on the Battlefield"



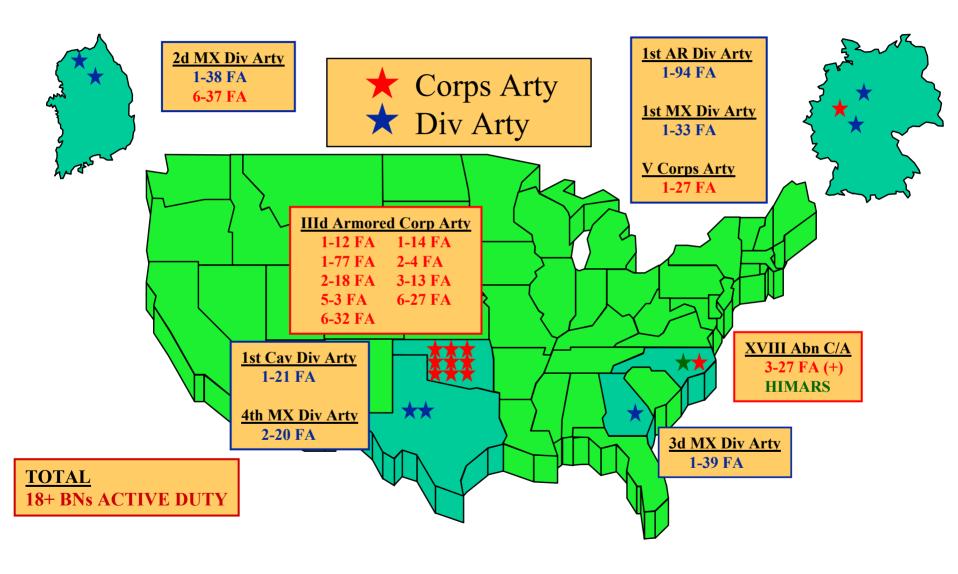
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# Learning Activities

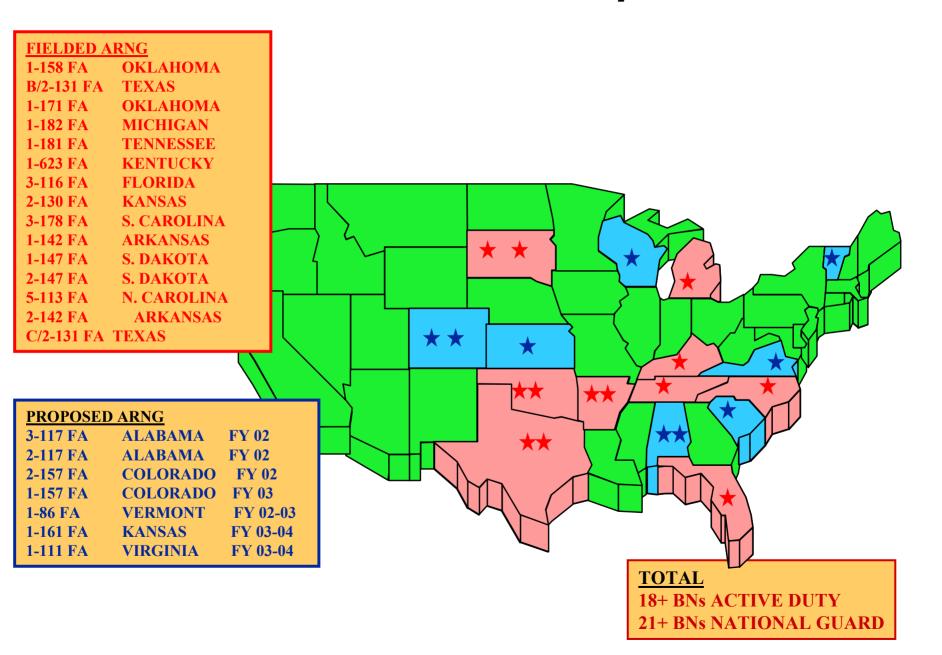
- Identify the Organization of MLRS Battalions
- Acquire knowledge of MLRS Weapon System Components
- Identify MLRS Family of Munitions
- Identify ATACMS Family of Munitions

# MLRS Battalion Organization

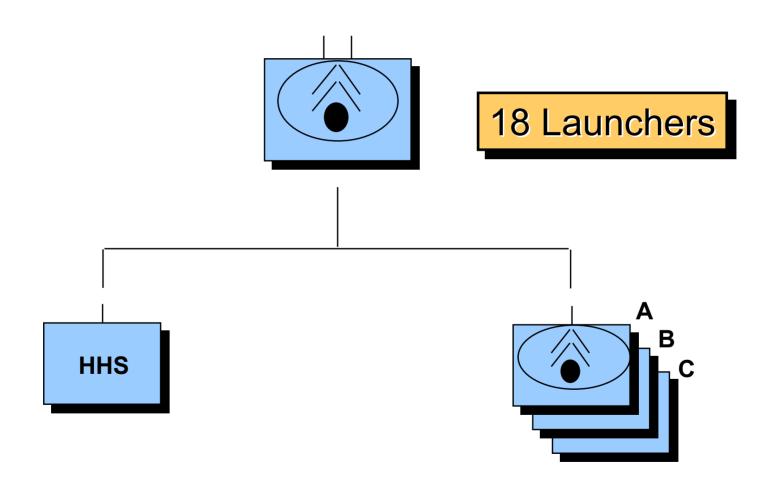
# Active Component



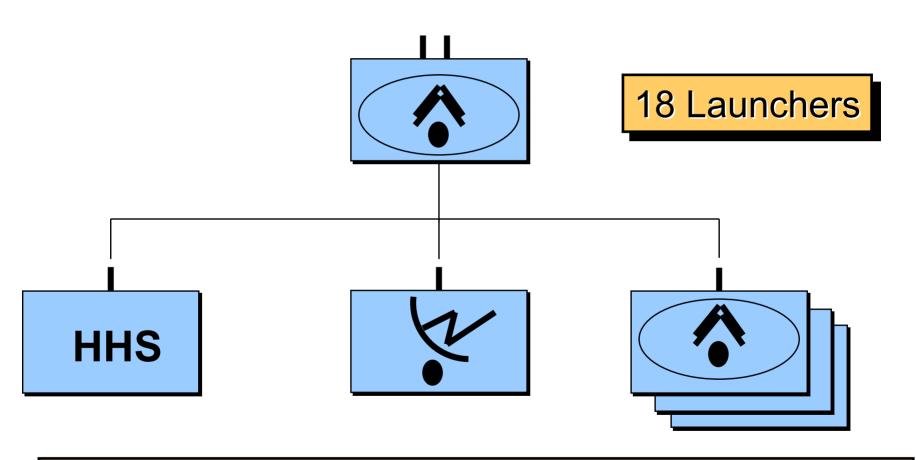
## National Guard Component



# Corps MLRS Battalion



#### Divisional MLRS Battalion



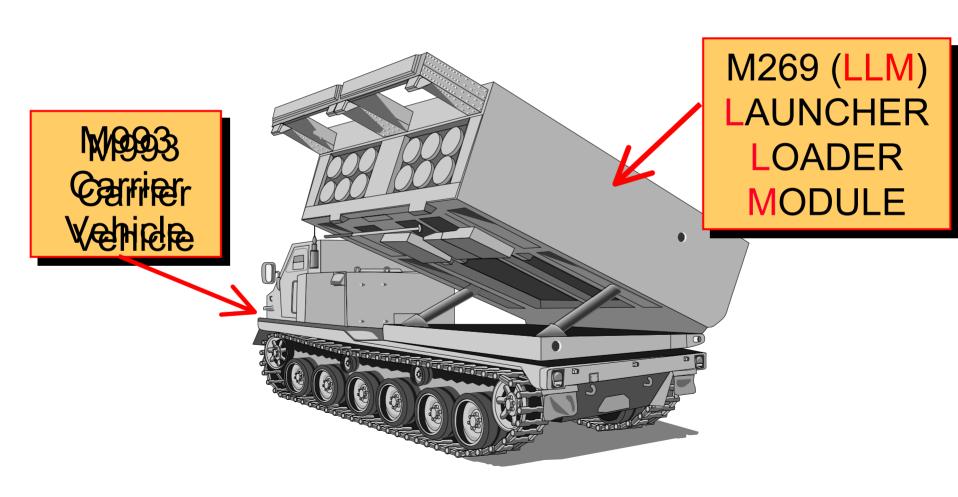
One Firing Battery Augmented from National Guard

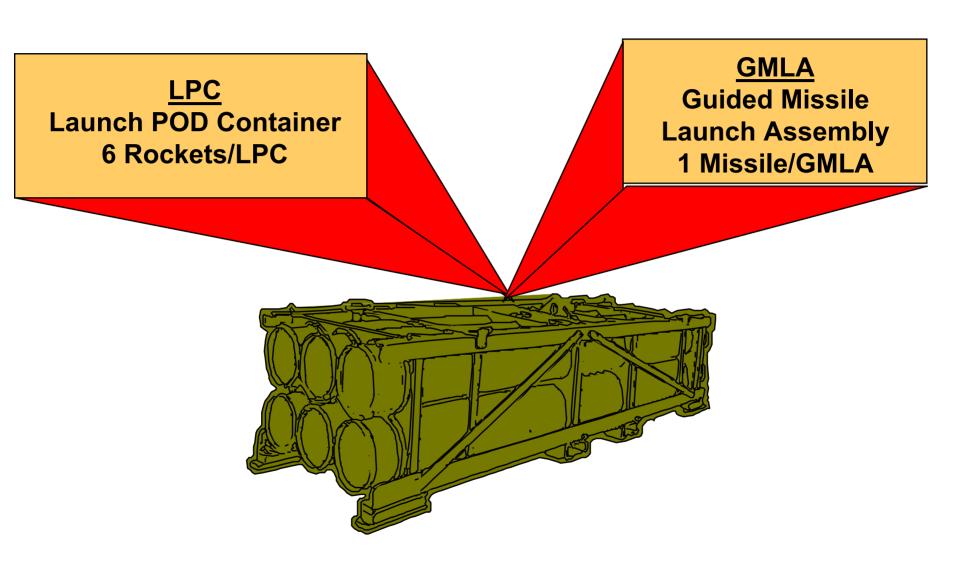
# Weapon System Components

# Weapon System Components

- Self Propelled Launcher Loader
- Launch Pod Containers
- Guided Missile Launch Assembly
- Heavy Expanded Mobility Tactical Truck
- Heavy Expanded Mobility Ammunition Trailer
- C<sup>3</sup> Systems

#### M270 Self-Propelled Launcher Loader (SPLL)





# Launch Pods (LPC/GMLA)

- Common electrical connectors
- Handling, transport and loading fixtures similar
- Visually similar in excess of 100 meters
- Different center of gravity

## Launcher Firing Capability

#### **ROCKETS**

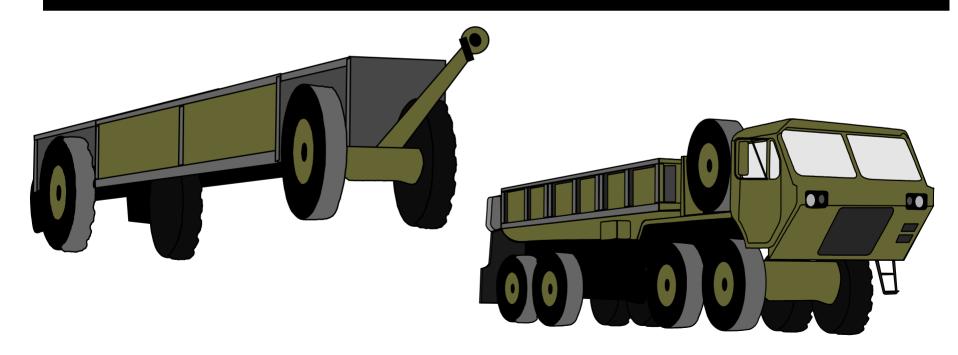
- Fire 12 rockets in
- •60 seconds.
- •Interval between 5 and 99 seconds.
- Aimed at single or multiple aimpoints.

#### **MISSILES**

- •Fire 2 missiles in 20 seconds.
- •Interval between 5 and 99 seconds.
- Aimed at 1 or 2
   separate aimpoints.

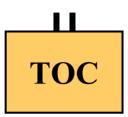
#### HEMTT / HEMAT

M985 Heavy Expanded Mobility Tactical Truck M989A1 Heavy Expanded Mobility Ammunition Trailer



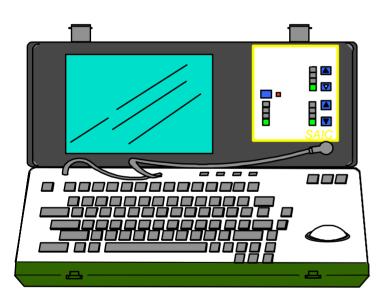
# Fire Direction System (FDS)

Provides tactical fire direction and C<sup>3</sup>at:



#### **BATTALION**

C<sup>2</sup> information Select platoon to fire



BOC

#### **BATTERY**

C<sup>2</sup> information
Select launcher to fire
Perform as BN

AN/GYK-37



#### <u>PLATOON</u>

Monitor C<sup>2</sup> information Relay fire mission data Detachment C<sup>2</sup> Perform as BTRY

P 1-10

# FDS C <sup>3</sup> Capabilities

Advanced FA
Tactical Data
Sys. (AFATDS)

Firefinder Radar (Q36) & (Q37)

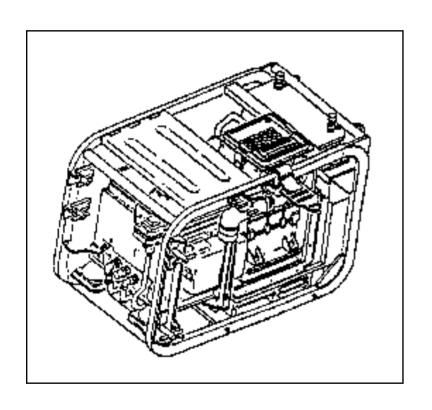
All Source Analysis System(ASAS)

Airborne Target Hand over System (ATHS)

Marine Corps
Fire Support
System (MCFSS)

Ground Station Module (GSM)

# Position Azimuth Determining System (PADS)



- 3 PADS per Battalion.
- Determines location, azimuth and altitude.
- Primary means for determining position control.

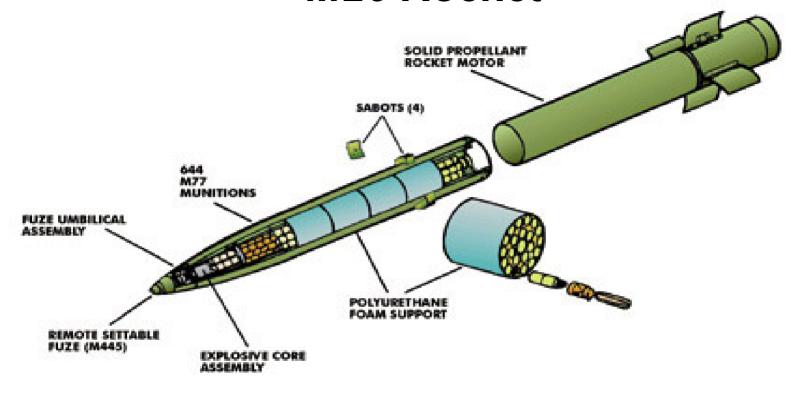
# Precision Lightweight GPS Receiver (PLGR)



- One PLGR per launcher section.
- Secondary means for establishing position control.
- Only useful for position control when it provides a figure of merit (FOM) of 1.

# MLRS FAMILY MUNITIONS (MFOM)

#### M26 Rocket

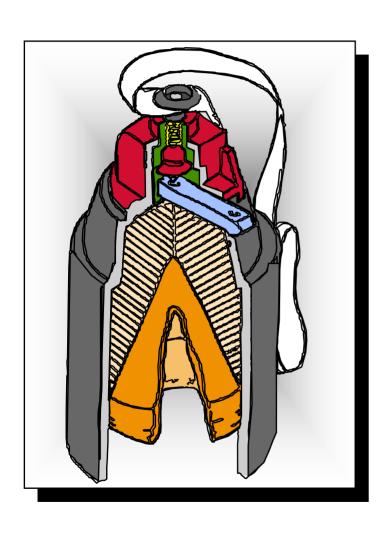


Tube launched, spin stabilized, free-flight rocket Range: 10 - 32 km

Submunitions: 644

Accuracy: 10 mils

#### **M77 DPICM Submunition**

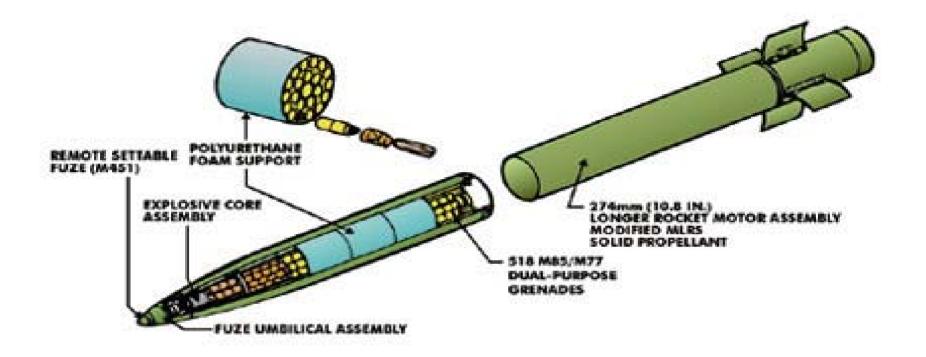


- Point detonating shaped charge.
- Penetrates up to 4 inches of armor.
- Fragmentation radius of 4 meters.
- Effective against soft and lightly armored targets.

# M77 Dual Purpose Improved Conventional Munition (DPICM)

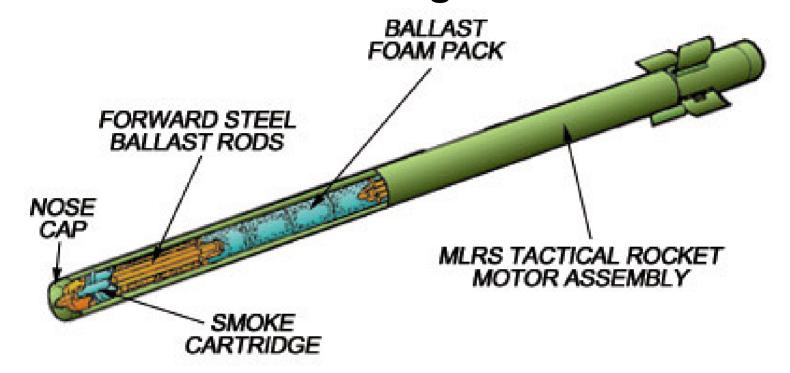
	Rockets (M26)	<u>Submunitons</u>
1 Rocket	1 Rocket	644
1 Launcher	12 Rockets	7,728
1 Platoon	36 Rockets	23,184
1 Battery	72 Rockets	46,368

# M26A2 Extended Range Rocket



518 M77 Submunitions, max. range 45 km, improved dud rate.

### M28A1 Reduced Range Practice Rocket



Tube launched, fin stabilized, free-flight rocket

Range: 8 - 15 km

Submunitions: None

Accuracy: 10 mils

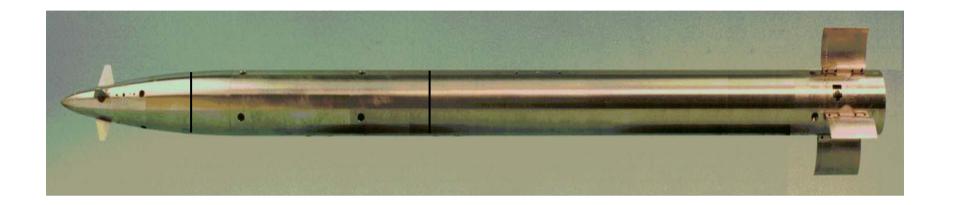
# MLRS (M26) vs 155mm Firepower Comparison

MLRS (3x6)	Cannon (3x6)
1 ROCKET	BTRY 1(+) or 8 RDS
1 LAUNCHER	BN 4(+) or 88 RDS
1 PLATOON	BN 14(+) or 264 RDS
1 BATTERY	BN 29(+) or 527 RDS

# M26 vs M483A1 Ammunition Comparison

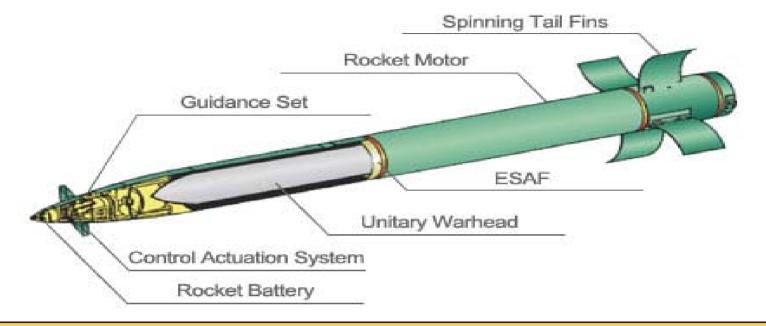
	M26 Rocket	M483A1
Min. Range	10 km	500 m
Max. Range	32 km	17.5 km
Submunitions	644 (M77)	88 (M42&M46)
Accuracy	10 mils	3 mils

# Guided MLRS Rocket (GMLRS) XM30



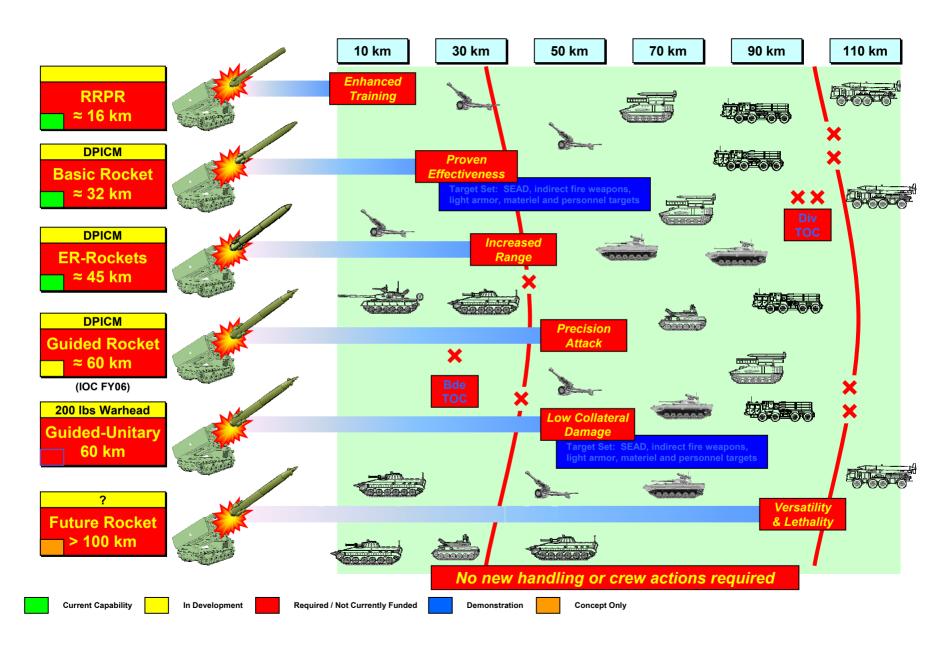
- Adds GPS guidance system and increases max. range to approx. 60km. For use with IPDS/A1/HIMARS launchers.
- 404 M77 Submunitions
- 2-3 mil error across entire range.

# Guided Unitary Rocket



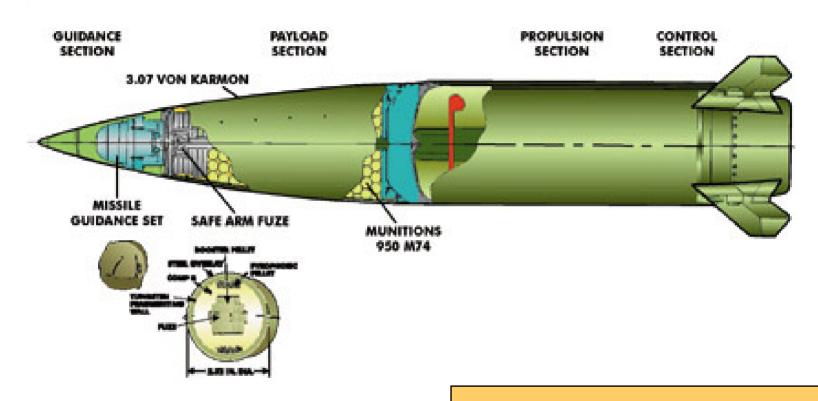
- Integrates approximately 200 pound Unitary Warhead into the GMLRS
- Low cost/risk program to greatly reduce collateral damage
- One round, one kill capability

#### MFOM Review



# ATACMS FAMILY OF MUNITIONS (AFOM)

#### ATACMS Block I

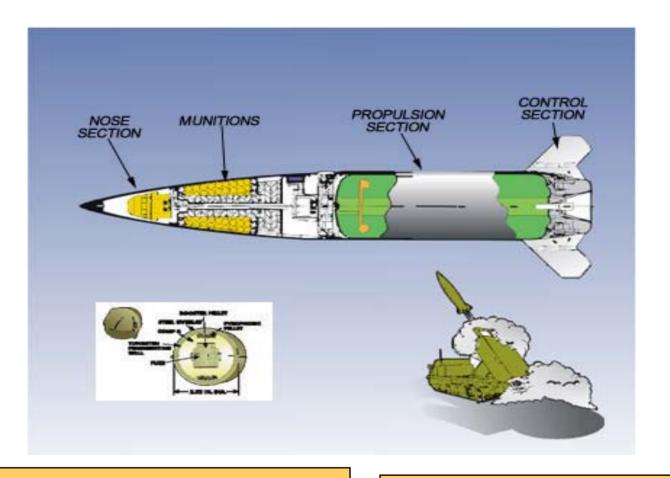


Range: 25-165 km

Submunitions: 950

Tube launched, fin stabilized, inertially guided missile.

#### ATACMS Block IA

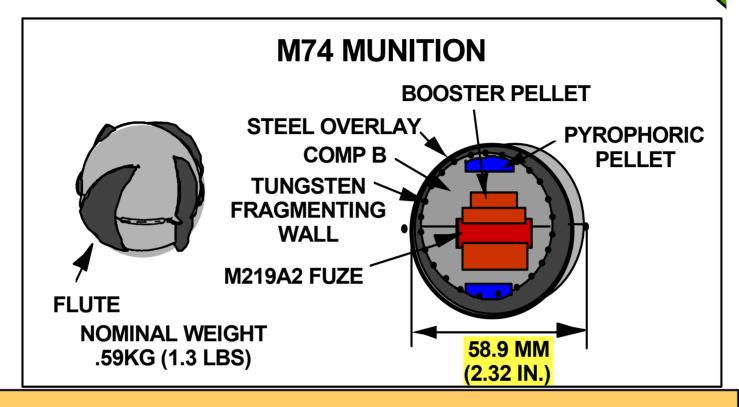


Range: 70-300km

Submunitions: 300

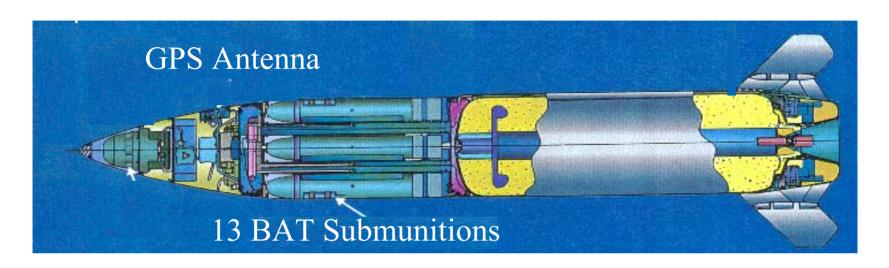
Tube launched, fin stabilized, GPS guided missile.

#### M74 Submunition

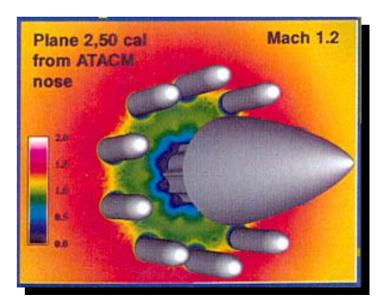


- Fragmentation radius of 15 meters.
- Effective against soft vehicle and personnel targets.
- Will not penetrate armor.

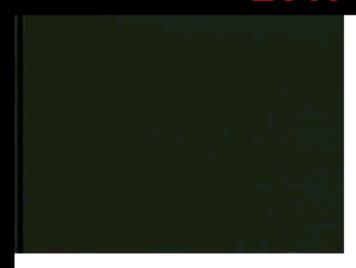
#### The ATACMS Missile Block II



BLOCK II (FY01)
35-140km range, 13 BAT submunitions

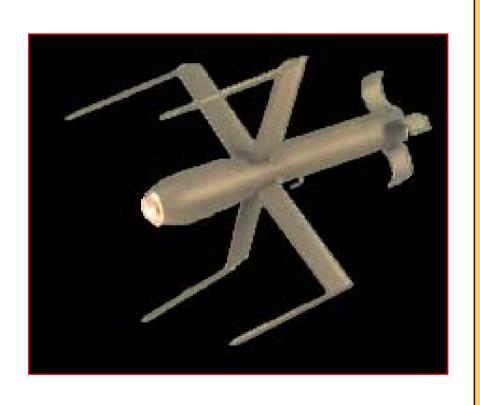


#### MLRS Introduction BAT Video



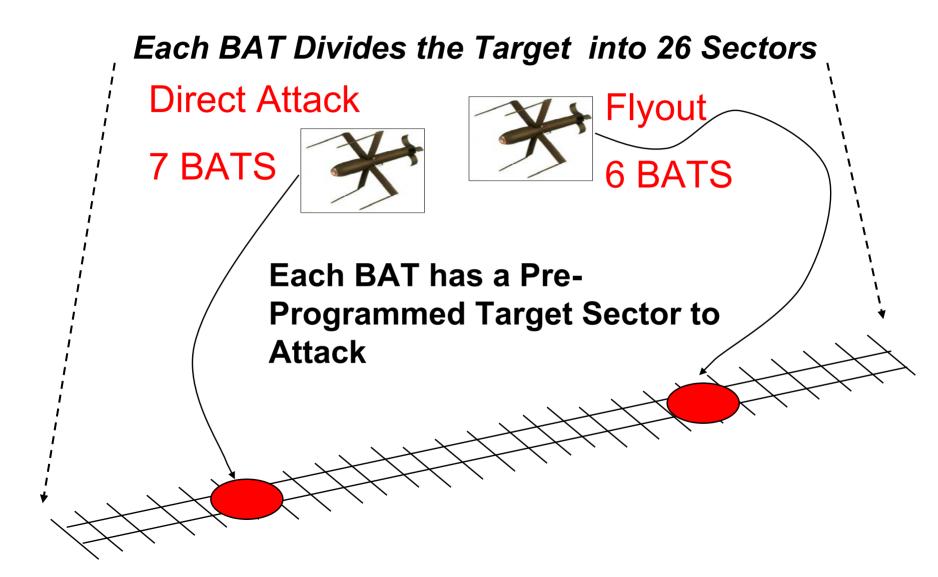
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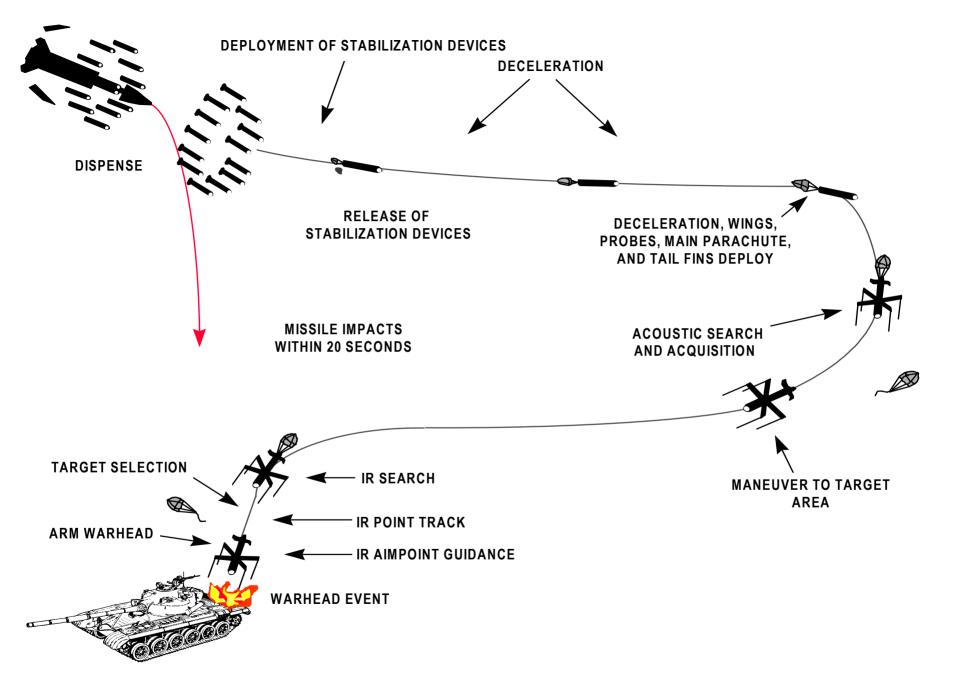
#### BAT



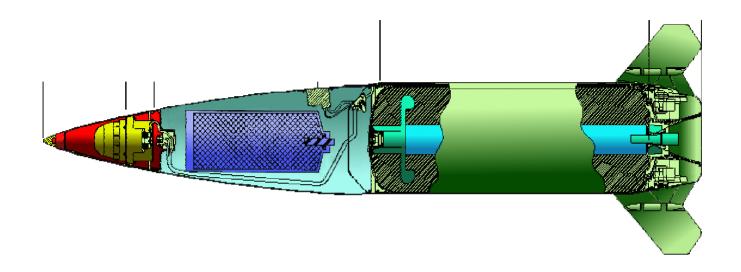
- Brilliant Anti-Armor Submunition.
- Acoustic & IR. sensor.
- Autonomously seeks & kills deep moving armor targets.
- ATACMS block II missile in limited production

#### **BAT Attack Profile**



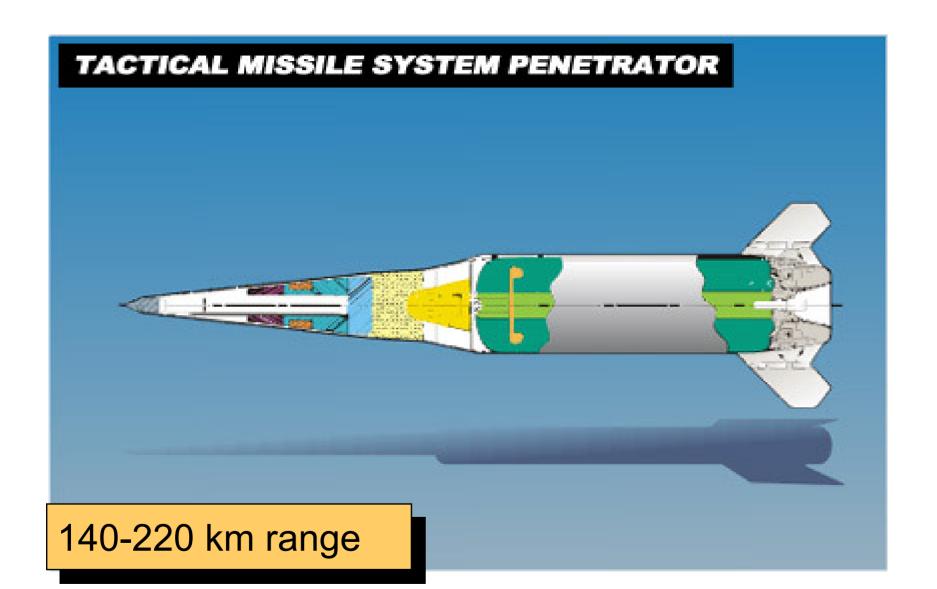


#### **Quick Reaction Unitary**

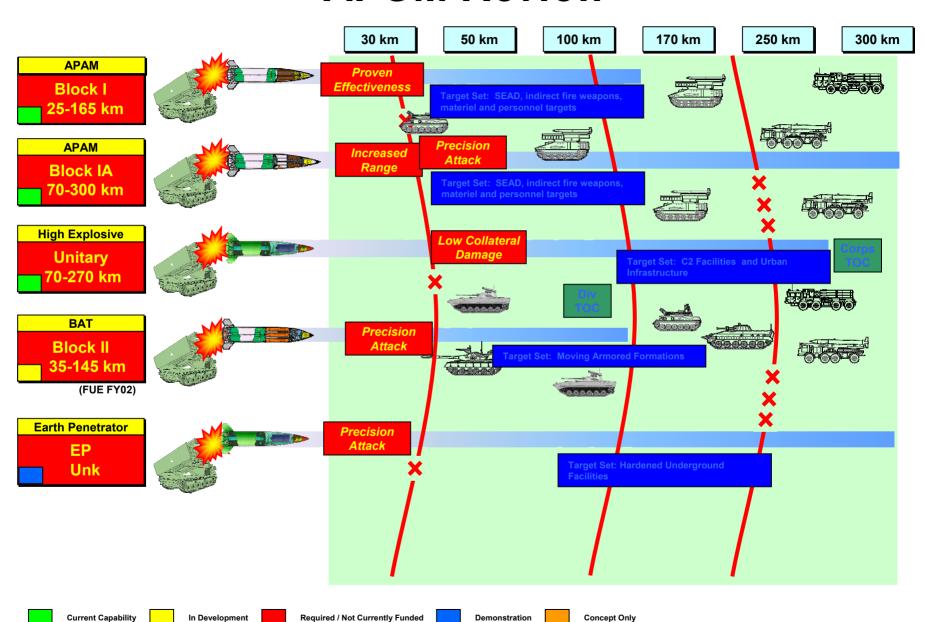


#### Quick Reaction Program TACMS Unitary:

- Objective Target Sets: Includes buildings, POL sites, power plants, and other targets where collateral damage is unacceptable
- Integrate 500 lb WDU 18/B Warhead on 43 Block IA's
- Max Range 280 km
- Full AFATDS Integration



#### AFOM Review



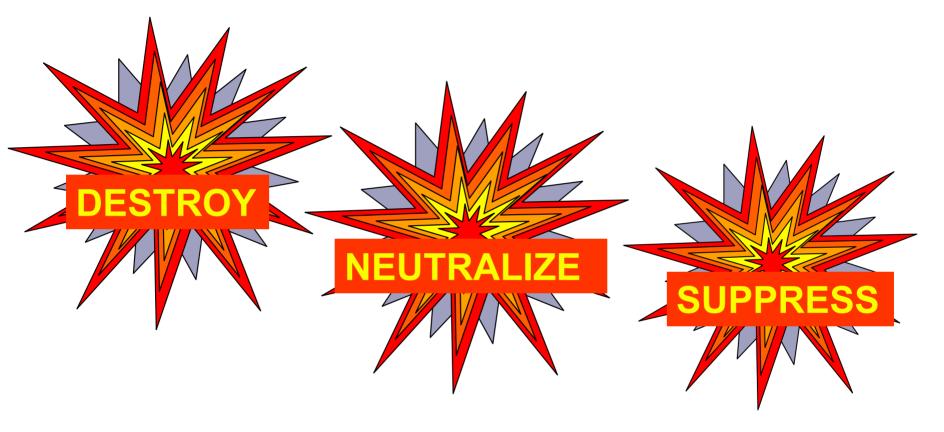
#### Summary

- Location and Organization of MLRS Battalions
- MLRS Weapon System Components
- MLRS Family of Munitions
- ATACMS Family of Munitions

#### Field Artillery Officer Basic Course

# Support with MLRS Fires

#### The Mission of the Field Artillery is to...



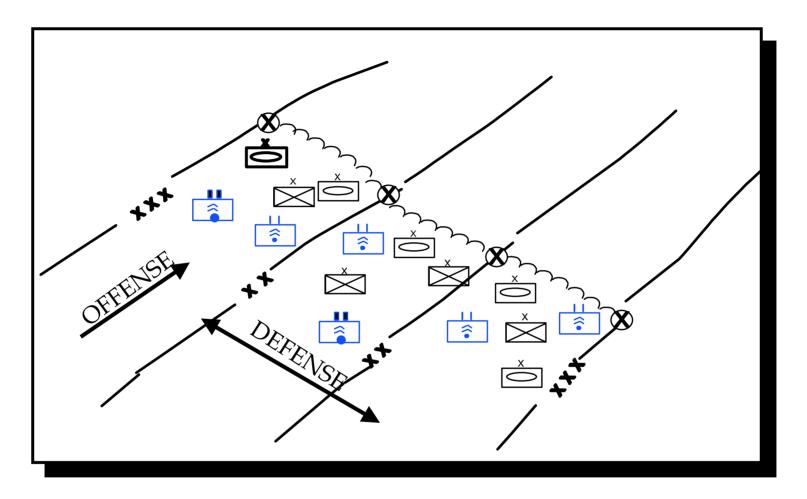
the enemy by cannon, ROCKET and MISSILE fires and to help integrate fire support assets into combined arms operations.

#### Learning Activities

- Identify MLRS Employment Considerations
- Identify the Tactical Missions associated with MLRS
- Identify the Fire Direction Center responsibilities
- Identify Methods to Control MLRS Munitions
- Identify the Capabilities and Limitations of MLRS units
- Identify MLRS Special Tactics

# Employment Considerations

#### MLRS Employment Concept



MLRS units are positioned as close to the FLOT as possible, and in some cases beyond the FLOT.

#### **Employment Considerations**

- System Capabilities
  - Range
  - Organizational Structure
- Close Operations
  - Rockets Fired Short of the FSCL
  - Counter fire
  - Raids
  - SEAD (Suppression Enemy Air Defense)
- Deep Operations
  - Missiles Fired Beyond the FSCL
  - ATACMS Block I and IA
  - D<sup>3</sup>A Methodology

#### **Employment Considerations**

- Rear Operations
  - Area fire weapons system
  - Not the weapon system of choice
- Positioning
  - Survivability
    - Limited crew served weapons
       Enemy target Acquisition
  - Communications

#### **Employment Considerations**

- Planning and Coordination
  - Launcher redundancy
- Fire Support Planning
  - Configuration Time
  - Reaction Time
  - Launcher Response Time
  - Munitions Load

### Tactical Missions

#### Command Relationship

- OPTION 1 Corps retains direct control of the MLRS Battalion (Not Common)
- OPTION 2 Corps attaches MLRS battalion to an FA Brigade (Fort Sill)
- OPTION 3 Attach the Battalion or Battalion(-) to a Division (Div Batteries/Battalions)

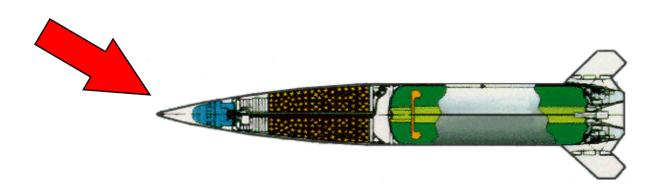
#### Tactical Missions

- After establishing a command relationship, the Force Commander assigns the Battalion a tactical mission. They are:
  - General Support (GS)
  - General Support Reinforcing (GSR)
  - Reinforcing (R)
  - Direct Support (DS)

#### General Support (GS)

- Provides fires for the entire force.
- Most centralized control.
- Provides force commander with the most responsive fires.

#### Typically these



#### General Support Reinforcing (GSR)

- Controlled by force FA HQs.
- Provides flexibility to meet the needs of various tactical situations.
- Answers Calls for Fire in priority from the Force FA HQ, then the Reinforced unit

Few of these



Many of these



#### Reinforcing (R)

- When reinforcing a DS battalion
- MLRS ammunition expenditure may exceed re-supply capability.
- Must provide Liaison section for coordination

Lots of these!!



#### Direct Support (DS)

- No fire support element
- Lacks diversity of ammunition
- Area weapon system (Danger Close 2km)
- MLRS fires less responsive than cannon
- Ammunition re-supply (sustaining fires)

## FDC Responsibilities

#### **Battalion FDC**

- Tactically controls fires of the battalion
- NCS for the Fire Direction Net(s)
- Primary link with Force FA HQ
- Receives fire plans from Force FA HQ
  - Checks for FSCM violations
  - Selects platoon to execute fire mission
  - Transmits targets to battery FDCs

#### Battery FDC

- Concerned solely with delivery of fires
- Executes fireplans
- Checks for FSCM violations
- Transmits fire mission to launcher
- Maintains status of launchers

#### Platoon FDC

- Monitors all traffic between BOC and launchers
- Relays messages and orders
- Maintains ammunition and launcher status
- Be prepared to assume Jump BOC

# Control of MLRS Munitions

#### **Control of Munitions**

(M26/M39)



Decentralized

#### Missiles (Centralized)

#### M39 Army Tactical Missiles (ATACMS)

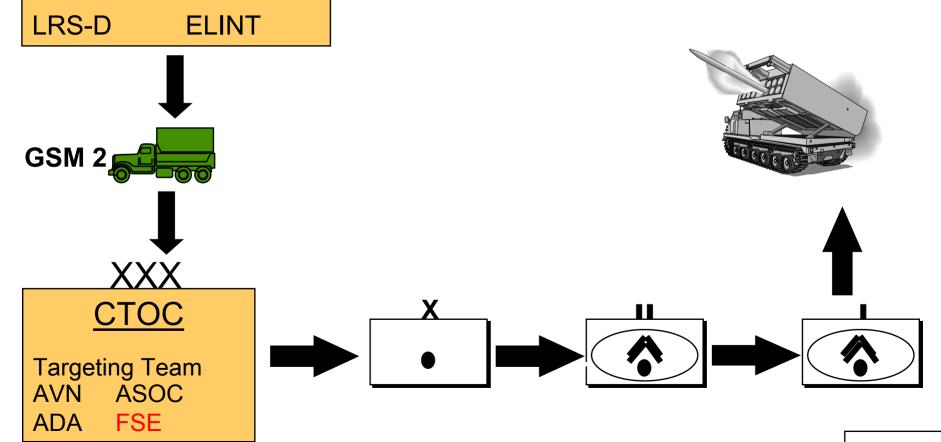
- Normally fired at targets beyond Division's AO
- Generally fired by corps MLRS BNs
- Controlled by the Corps Artillery

#### **Centralized Execution**

#### Suite of Sensors

JSTARS UAV

Radar SOF

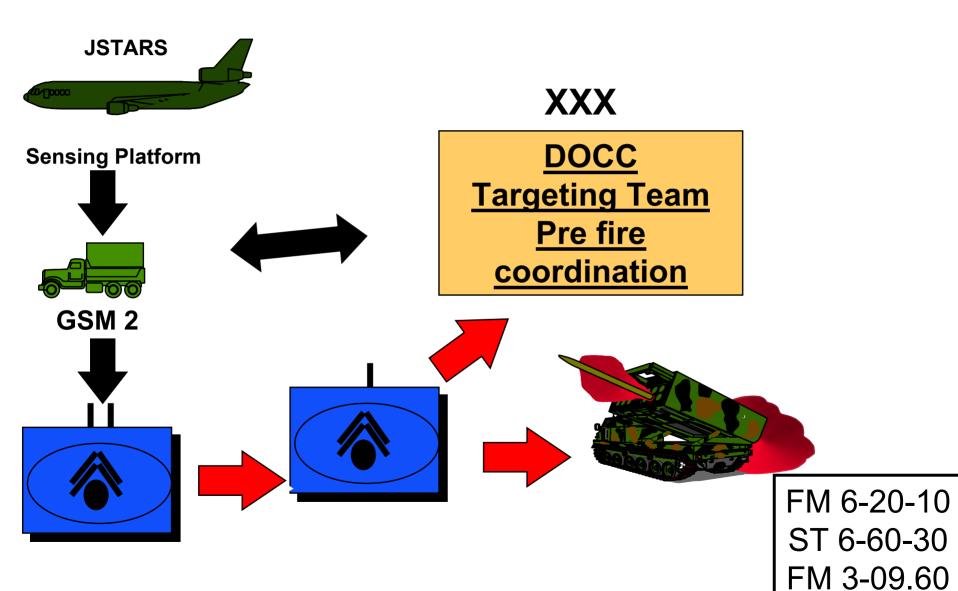


#### Rockets (De-Centralized)

#### **M26 Tactical Rockets**

- Normally fired at targets within Division's AO
- Fired by Divisional MLRS BN/Btry, attached MLRS BN or Reinforcing FA Brigade
- Generally, under the control of DIVARTY

#### **Decentralized Execution**



# CAPABILITIES AND LIMITATIONS

#### **Capabilities**

- Each launcher can engage a large target area
- Complements cannon with extended range and volume of fire
- Can engage up to 6 aim points per target
- Can have up to 3 active fire missions at a time
- Excellent counter battery weapon

#### Limitations

- Requires a large operational area
- Long reload times (20 minutes under extreme conditions)
- Has a large danger close distance (2000M)
- Can shoot faster than resupply
- Effects are reduced when firing into areas with overhead cover
- Limited types of ammunition
- Not useful when high degrees of accuracy are required
- Limited Crew Serve Weapons

# MLRS SPECIAL TACTICS

#### Cross-FLOT Raid

- MLRS maneuver forward of the FLOT
- Allows MLRS units to strike deeper
- Extremely effective method to disrupt the enemy's C<sup>2</sup> and artillery operations
- MLRS units are in high risk of enemy contact and enemy counter battery fires
- Maneuver forces needed to increase MLRS survival

#### Sensor-to-Shooter

- Fire mission processing times reduced drastically
- Target transmitted directly from sensor to the BOC
- Very effective against counter battery fires and fleeting targets (SCUDS)
- Increases planning for MLRS unit and radar

#### Stay Hot, Shoot Fast

- Launchers lay on target in general direction of target for extended time
- Battery receives refined target location
- BOC sends launcher amended mission
- Response time is measured in seconds
- Leadership is concerned with launcher survivability on firing point

#### Summary

- Employment Considerations
- Tactical Missions
- Fire Direction Center responsibilities
- Control of MLRS Munitions
- Capabilities and Limitations
- Special Tactics

